



1
00:00:17,300 --> 00:00:13,220
the food we eat has changed a great deal

2
00:00:21,519 --> 00:00:17,310
in the last century from the kind of

3
00:00:23,839 --> 00:00:21,529
food we grow to the farms it's grown on

4
00:00:28,940 --> 00:00:23,849
to the process of getting it from

5
00:00:32,930 --> 00:00:30,890
but one of the biggest changes to global

6
00:00:36,110 --> 00:00:32,940
agriculture isn't so much about the food

7
00:00:39,290 --> 00:00:36,120
itself it's about the water we use to

8
00:00:41,960 --> 00:00:39,300
grow it over the past century we've gone

9
00:00:44,780 --> 00:00:41,970
from a situation where farmers dependent

10
00:00:47,990 --> 00:00:44,790
almost exclusively on rainfall for their

11
00:00:51,320 --> 00:00:48,000
crops to a realization that they could

12
00:00:53,990 --> 00:00:51,330
use irrigation to maximize crop output

13
00:00:55,549 --> 00:00:54,000

and grow crops in areas that may be too

14

00:00:59,060 --> 00:00:55,559

dry or where they would naturally be

15

00:01:01,700 --> 00:00:59,070

able to grow that shift comes with new

16

00:01:03,500 --> 00:01:01,710

responsibilities in some areas people

17

00:01:08,660 --> 00:01:03,510

are using water faster than its being

18

00:01:13,900 --> 00:01:08,670

replenished NASA satellites help us see

19

00:01:17,510 --> 00:01:13,910

how water moves from ocean to atmosphere

20

00:01:20,840 --> 00:01:17,520

to land where we harness it for growing

21

00:01:22,910 --> 00:01:20,850

food the big picture view they provide

22

00:01:25,820 --> 00:01:22,920

helps us understand how our water needs

23

00:01:30,639 --> 00:01:25,830

are being met today and where we might

24

00:01:35,150 --> 00:01:32,990

increasingly we're tapping into ground

25

00:01:39,260 --> 00:01:35,160

water from underground aquifers to meet

26

00:01:42,320 --> 00:01:39,270

our demand these aquifers vast regions

27

00:01:44,180 --> 00:01:42,330

of water saturated earth can be huge but

28

00:01:47,570 --> 00:01:44,190

hidden underground they're difficult to

29

00:01:53,199 --> 00:01:47,580

observe how do you study what you can't

30

00:01:58,550 --> 00:01:56,359

pair of satellites called grace is on a

31

00:02:00,380 --> 00:01:58,560

special mission they're carefully

32

00:02:03,680 --> 00:02:00,390

mapping delicate variations in the

33

00:02:06,109 --> 00:02:03,690

Earth's gravity our planets gravity

34

00:02:08,690 --> 00:02:06,119

isn't the same everywhere objects with

35

00:02:11,690 --> 00:02:08,700

larger mass mountain ranges for instance

36

00:02:14,160 --> 00:02:11,700

exert a stronger pull

37

00:02:18,660 --> 00:02:14,170

so two huge bodies of water like

38

00:02:20,520 --> 00:02:18,670

aquifers as the grace satellites orbit

39

00:02:22,290 --> 00:02:20,530

together large objects affect the

40

00:02:23,850 --> 00:02:22,300

leading satellite before they affect the

41

00:02:26,190 --> 00:02:23,860

trailing one causing the distance

42

00:02:28,590 --> 00:02:26,200

between to vary by taking continuous

43

00:02:30,390 --> 00:02:28,600

measurements of that distance scientists

44

00:02:33,270 --> 00:02:30,400

can map the Earth's gravity field and

45

00:02:35,610 --> 00:02:33,280

see how it changes over time and over

46

00:02:37,260 --> 00:02:35,620

land the major cause of that variability

47

00:02:39,900 --> 00:02:37,270

is changes in the amount of ground water

48

00:02:42,120 --> 00:02:39,910

grace effectively feels those changes by

49

00:02:44,100 --> 00:02:42,130

monitoring gravity changes in

50

00:02:45,960 --> 00:02:44,110

groundwater are actually sensed by grace

51
00:02:47,880 --> 00:02:45,970
and we can come up with asked of the

52
00:02:51,630 --> 00:02:47,890
water table variations and that's what

53
00:02:54,090 --> 00:02:51,640
we did for Northwest India in India

54
00:02:56,699 --> 00:02:54,100
water hungry farms in the nation's North

55
00:03:00,360 --> 00:02:56,709
draw 95% of their water from ground

56
00:03:03,690 --> 00:03:00,370
water stores since grace is launched in

57
00:03:05,810 --> 00:03:03,700
2002 aquifers beneath Northwest India

58
00:03:08,550 --> 00:03:05,820
have lost a staggering amount of water

59
00:03:11,250 --> 00:03:08,560
three times as much water as is held in

60
00:03:16,410 --> 00:03:11,260
Lake Mead America's largest reservoir is

61
00:03:18,120 --> 00:03:16,420
gone the people of India know this is

62
00:03:20,100 --> 00:03:18,130
happening they know this because their

63
00:03:21,990 --> 00:03:20,110

wells occasionally run dry and if you

64

00:03:24,390 --> 00:03:22,000

dig a deeper well in some cities the

65

00:03:26,699 --> 00:03:24,400

wells are running dry so fast that

66

00:03:28,319 --> 00:03:26,709

people spend their entire day trying to

67

00:03:31,319 --> 00:03:28,329

find a clean source of water for their

68

00:03:33,449 --> 00:03:31,329

for their family if the aquifer

69

00:03:35,880 --> 00:03:33,459

continues to decline the region's

70

00:03:39,000 --> 00:03:35,890

agriculture faces an uncertain future as

71

00:03:43,949 --> 00:03:39,010

do the almost 115 million people who

72

00:03:45,900 --> 00:03:43,959

live there India is not alone other

73

00:03:48,180 --> 00:03:45,910

major aquifers like those beneath

74

00:03:51,539 --> 00:03:48,190

northern China and the central US are

75

00:03:53,400 --> 00:03:51,549

also in decline water is critical to

76

00:03:55,500 --> 00:03:53,410

people minutes of it's a vital resource

77

00:03:57,449 --> 00:03:55,510

obviously so being able to understand

78

00:03:59,220 --> 00:03:57,459

the water cycle and how it's changing is

79

00:04:01,920 --> 00:03:59,230

important as we move forward in the

80

00:04:03,930 --> 00:04:01,930

highly populated world with potential

81

00:04:06,240 --> 00:04:03,940

climate change going on and

82

00:04:08,789 --> 00:04:06,250

NASA satellite survey shion's are

83

00:04:12,000 --> 00:04:08,799

extremely valuable to getting an

84

00:04:15,309 --> 00:04:12,010

unbiased view of what's going on with

85

00:04:20,319 --> 00:04:17,439

Water Resources will become even more

86

00:04:21,879 --> 00:04:20,329

scarce in the coming century the grace

87

00:04:24,400 --> 00:04:21,889

satellites can't help us recoup what

88

00:04:27,070 --> 00:04:24,410

we've lost but they do give us something

89

00:04:29,740 --> 00:04:27,080

valuable knowledge we can use to shape